

18 Bit RGB, 8/16-bit parallel, SPI interface



Dimension Display 54.7x83x2.2mm Incl. PCAP 65x100x4.35mm

FEATURES

- 3.5" TFT DISPLAY, IPS TECHNOLOGY
- 320x480 WIDE SCREEN
- OPTIONALLY PCAP TOUCHPANEL OPTICALLY BONDED
- SUPER BRIGHT >1,000cd/m² (850 cd/m² INCL. PCAP)
- HIGH CONTRAST TFT PANEL
- INTEGRATED CONTROLLER HX8357D
- 18 BIT RGB INTERFACE
- 8 BIT / 16 BIT DATABUS INTERFACE
- I²C BUS INTERFACE FOR PCAP (GT911)
- 3.3V SUPPLY VOLTAGE
- WIDE TEMPERATURE RANGE (T_{OP} -20 .. +70°C)
- INDUSTRIAL GRADE DISPLAY

ORDERING CODES

3.5" TFT, 320x480 IPS COLOR DISPLAY 1,000cd/m² AS ABOVE BUT WITH OPTICALLY BONDED PCAP

EA TFT035-34AINN EA TFT035-34AITC

ACCESSORY

ZIF CONNECTOR 0.3MM, BOTTOM CONTACT 50 mm EXTENSION CABLE 0.3mm USB DEMO BOARD EA WF030-39S EA KF030WF-39L50 EA 9782-1USB



REVISION

DATE	REF.PAGE PARAGRAPH DRAWING No.	REVISED No.	SUMMARY	REMARK
2020-03-18		V01	First Issue	
2021-05-20		V02	Add initialisation example	
2022-02-18			Company logo changed	
2023-01-24	46		Add USB Demoboard	
2023-09-11	44		Initialisation example change	
2024-06-18	1, 46, 22		Adding extension cable Reducing command table	



CONTENTS

FEATURES	1
ORDERING CODES	1
Accessory	1
Revision	
1. General Specification	
2.1 Mechanical Drawing EA TFT035-34AINN	
2.2 Mechanical Drawing EA TFT035-34AITC (with PCAP)	
3. Block Diagram	
4. Interface Pin Function	
5. Absolute Maximum Ratings	
6. Electrical Characteristics	
6.1 Input Power	
6.2 Backlight Driving Conditions	
6.2.1 Application example for Driving the LED backlight	
6.3 PCAP Electrical Characteristics	
7. Optical Characteristics	
8. Timing Characteristics	
8.1 SPI interface characteristics	
8.2 RGB interface characteristics	
8.3 Reset input timing.	
9. PCAP touchpanel	
9.1 Timing Specifications for CTP	
9.1 Timing Specifications for CTP I ² C Communication	
Data Transmission	
Write Data to module	
Read Data from module	
9.2 Programming / Software	
9.3 Function Mode	
10. Standard Specification for Reliability	
10.1 Standard Specification for Reliability of LCD Module	
10.2 Testing Conditions and Inspection Criteria	
10.3 MTBF	
11. Specification of Quality Assurance	
11.1 Quality Test	
11.2 Delivery Test	
11.3 Non-conforming Analysis & Deal With Manners	
11.3.1 Non-conforming Analysis	
11.3.2 Disposition of non-conforming	
11.4 Agreement items	
11.5 Standard of The Product Appearance Test	
11.5.1 Manner of appearance test	
11.5.2 Basic principle	
12. Handling Precaution	
12.1 Handling of LCM	
12.2 Storage	
12.3 Soldering	
13. Application notes	
13.1 Initialisation example 16-Bit RGB565	
13.2 Schematic example for 16-bit RGB565 interface	
14. Accessories	
14.1 ZIF connector EA WF030-39S	
14.2 Accessory EA KF030WF-39L50	
14.3 USB Demoboard EA 9782-1USB	39

1. GENERAL SPECIFICATION

Item	Contents	Unit
LCD type	TFT/Transmissive normally black	
Module size (W*H*T)	65.0*100.0*4.35	mm
w. PCAP	54.66*82.94*2.2	mm
Active size (W*H)	48.96*73.44	mm
Pixel pitch (W*H)	0.153*0.153	mm
Number of dots	320*RGB*480	
Driver IC	HX8357D	
Interface type	8-Bit, 16-Bit, 18-Bit RGB	
Top polarizer type	Anti-Glare	
Recommend viewing direction	All around	0
Gary scale inversion direction		0
Backlight type	6 dies white LED	
Touch panel type	Capacitive, EA TFT035-34AITC only	
Touch panel controller	GT911, EA TFT035-34AITC only	

With its new 3.5" TFT displays DISPLAY VISIONS launches worldwide the first smaller size displays with high-quality. With IPS technology these displays provide full viewing angle with all-angle color stability management (AACS). This means that color stays same even when viewing angle is changing.

Display brightness is enormous with 850~1,000cd/m² and make the displays readable even at direct sunlight.

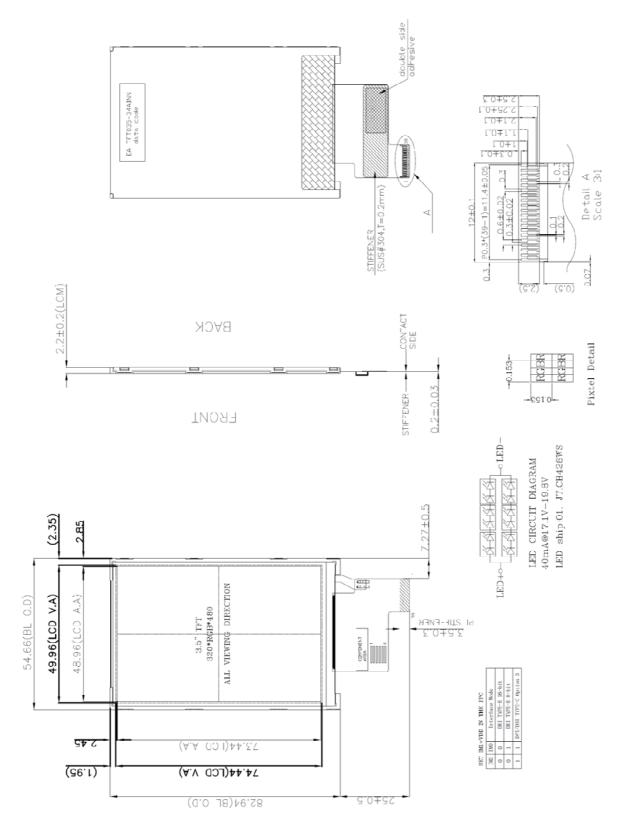
Displays providing many interface modes like standard RGB interface which is suitable even for fast changing display content. The 4-wire SPI interface is perfect for pin saving applications and the 16-bit μ C data bus interface enables parallel access to the display.

The version EA TFT035-34AITC comes with an optical bonded (OCA) PCAP touch panel. Interface is I²C which makes it easy to read out directly the coordinates.

Connection for display and touchpanel is simple with a single FPC cable for 39-pin ZIFF connection.

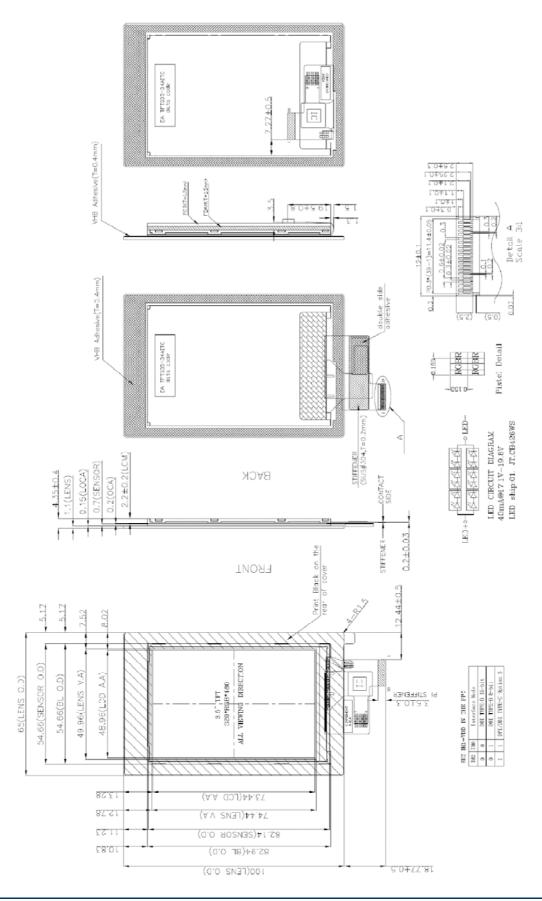


2.1 MECHANICAL DRAWING EA TFT035-34AINN



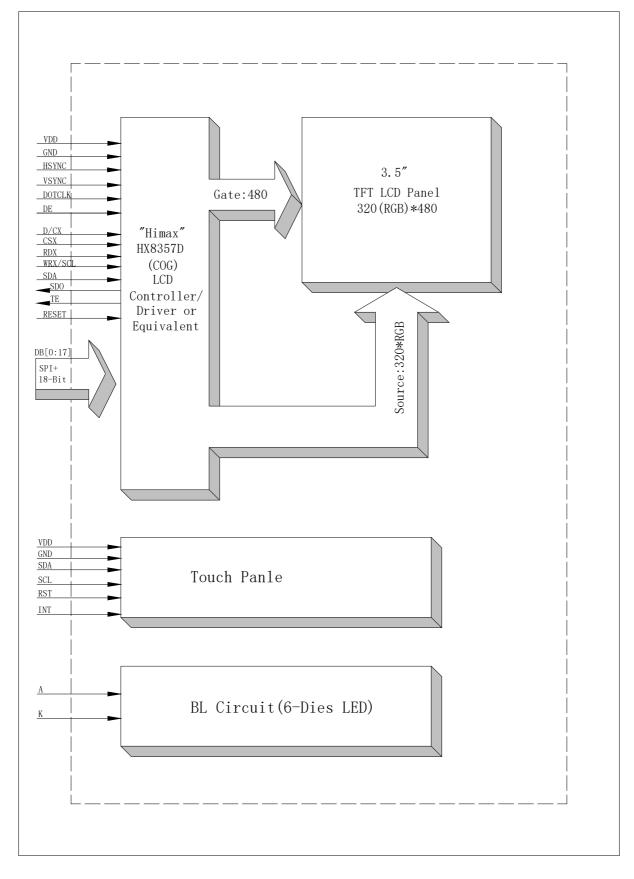


2.2 MECHANICAL DRAWING EA TFT035-34AITC (with PCAP)





3. BLOCK DIAGRAM





4. INTERFACE PIN FUNCTION

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	LED-	Cathode of LED backlight.
2	LED+	Anode of LED backlight.
3	VDD / TOUCH VDD	Power supply for analog voltage.
4	GND / TOUCH GND	Power ground.
5~10	D0~D5	Data bus or B0B5
11~16	D6~D11	Data bus or G0G5
17~22	D12~D17	Data bus or R0R5
23	DOTCLK	Data enable signal in RGB interface.
23	DUTCLK	If this pin is not used, connect it to GND.
24	ENABLE	A data ENABLE signal in RGB mode.
24	ENADLE	If this pin is not used, connect it to GND.
25	HSYNC	Horizontal synchronizing signal in RGB interface.
25	HOINC	If this pin is not used, connect it to GND.
26	VSYNC	Vertical synchronizing signal in RGB interface.
20	VOINO	If this pin is not used, connect it to GND.
27	ТЕ	Tearing effect output.
21		If not used, please open this pin.
		Chip select signal.
28	CSX	Low: chip can be accessed;
20		High: chip cannot be accessed.
		If this pin is not used, connect it to VDD
		Serial data input pin and output pin in serial bus system interface. The data is inputted on the
29	SDA	rising edge of the SCL signal.
		If not used, please let it open.
		Serial data output.
30	SDO	If bit SDO_EN=0, SDO is not use.
		If bit SDO_EN=1, SDO is serial data output.
		If not used, please let it open.
31	D/CX	MPU, SPI-4 line: Data / Command Selection pin.
		If this pin is not used, connect it to GND.
32	WRX/SCL	MPU mode: Serves as a write signal and write data at the low level. SPI mode: it servers as SCL (Serial Clock)
32	WRA/SUL	If this pin is not used, connect it to GND.
33	RESET	Reset pin. Setting either pin low initializes the LSI. Must be reset after power is supplied.
33	IMO	Reset pin. Setting enner pin low initializes the LSI. Must be reset after power is supplied.
34 35	IMO IM2	Note
30		MPU mode: Serves as a read signal and read data at the low level.
36	RDX	If this pin is not used, connect it to GND.
37	TOUCH CLK	I2C clock input (EA TFT035-34AITC only)
38	TOUCH SDA	I2C data input and output (EA TFT035-34AITC only)
39	TOUCH INT	Interrupt request to the host or Wakeup request from the host (EA TFT035-34AITC only)

Note

IM2	IMO	Interface Mode (IM1 is connected with VDD internally)
0	0	16-bit bus DBI TYPE-B
0	1	8-bit bus DBI TYPE-B
1	1	16 Bit RGB DPI/DBI TYPE-C SPI Option 3

IM1:internally set to 1

5. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage for analog	VCC	-0.3	4.6	V
Supply voltage for logic	IOVCC	-0.3	4.6	V
Supply current (LED)	LED		60	mA
Operating temperature	T _{OP}	-20	+70	°C
Storage temperature	T _{ST}	-30	+80	°C

6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

6.1 INPUT POWER

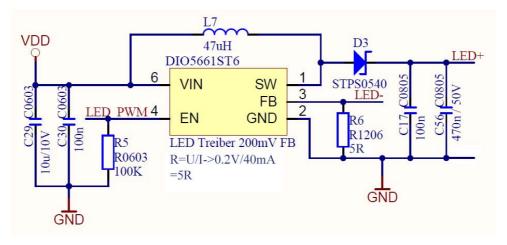
ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Analog	VCC	2.5	2.8	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Logic	IOVCC	1.65	1.8/2.8	3.3	V
	VIL	GND	-	0.3IOVCC	V
Input Voltage	VIH	0.7 IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V
Input leakage Current	Ilkg	-1		1	μA

6.2 BACKLIGHT DRIVING CONDITIONS

ltem	Symbol		Value	Unit	Remark	
nem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.		Remark
Voltage for LED Backlight	VF	17.1	19.2	19.8	V	I _{LED} =40mA
Current for LED Backlight	I _{LED}		40		mA	
Power Consumption	Р		0.768		W	
LED Life Time		30,000			Hr	Note

Note: Brightness to be decreased to 50% of the initial value at ambient temperature $T_A=25^{\circ}C$

6.2.1 APPLICATION EXAMPLE FOR DRIVING THE LED BACKLIGHT





6.3 PCAP ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Specification	Unit
Touch panel Size	3.5	inches
Active Area (Sensor)	49.0 (H) x 73.5 (V)	mm
Input type	Multi touch	
Controller (built in)	GT911	
Interface	I ² C	
Normal mode operating current	8 (typ.)	mA

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Interface Signal for Analog	VDD	2.7	3.3	3.6	V
Supply Voltage for Logic	IOVCC	1.71	3.3	3.6	V

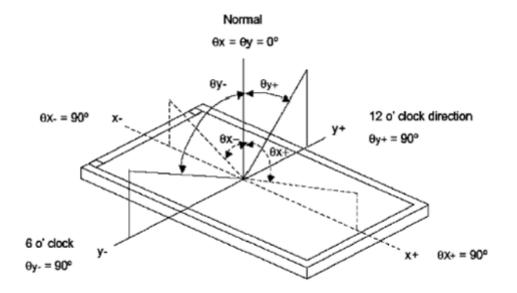


7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	ITEM		CONDITIONS	SPE	CIFICATI	ONS	UNIT
			SYMBOL CONDITIONS		TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Lumina	200	L -	EA TFT035-43-AINN	800	1000	1400	cd/m²
Lumma	nce		EA TFT035-43-AITC	510	850	1200	cd/m²
Contrast	Ratio	CR	θ=0°		700		
Bospopoo	Response Time		25°C		30		ma
Response			25 0		30		ms
CIE Colo	CIE			0.27	0.31	0.35	
Coordin		Yw		0.32	0.36	0.40	
	Hor.	$ heta_{_{X+}}$			80		
Viewing		$ heta_{_{X-}}$	CR≥10		80		Degree
Angle	Vor	$ heta_{_{Y+}}$	CR210		80		Degree
	Ver.	$ heta_{_{Y-}}$			80		
Uniforn	nity			80			%



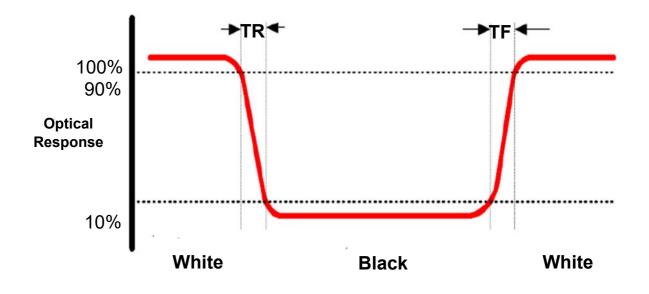
Note 1: Definition of Viewing Angle θx and θy:



Note 2: Definition of contrast ratio CR:

CD-	Luminance Luminance	of	white	state
	Luminance	of	black	state



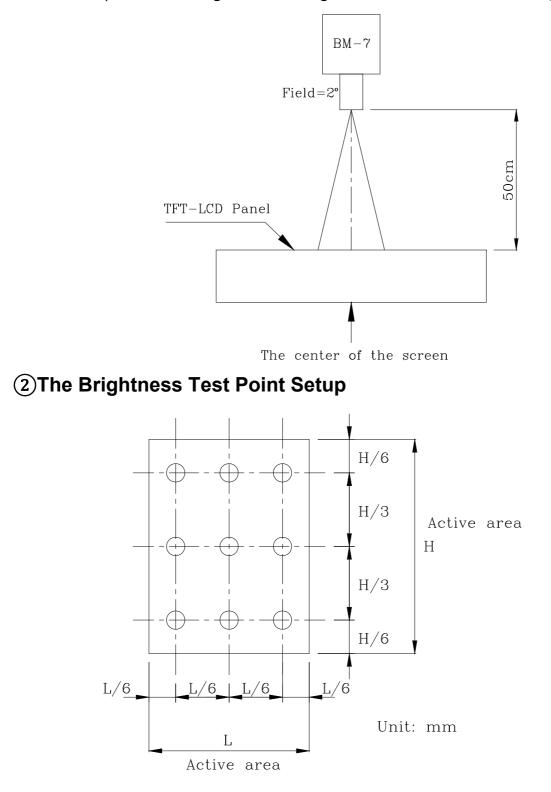




Note 4: Definition of Luminance

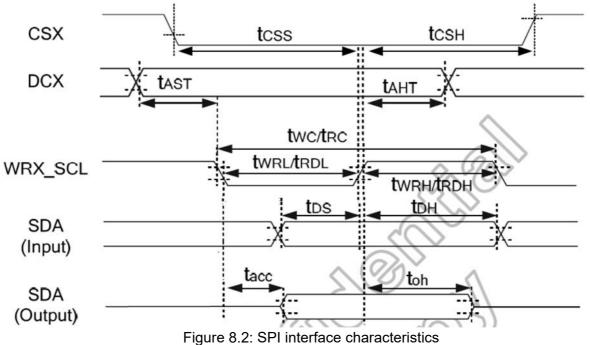
1)The Brightness Test Equipment Setup

Field=2°(As measuring "black" image, field=2° is the best testing condition)



8. TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

8.1 SPI INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Description	
	tcss	Chip select setup time (Write)	15	- 1			
CSX	tcss	Chip select setup time (Read)	60	-	ns	-	
007	t csн	Chip select hold time (Write)	15	-	115	-	
	tcsH	Chip select hold time (Read)	65	-			
DCX	t ast	Address setup time	0	-	ns		
DOX	I	Address hold time (Write/Read)	10	-	115	-	
WRX_SCL	twc	Write cycle	66	-			
(Write)	twrн	Control pulse "H" duration	15	-	ns	-	
(write)	twrl	Control pulse "L" duration	15	-			
WRX SCL	tRC	Read cycle	150	-			
(Read)	tron	Control pulse "H" duration	60	-	ns	-	
(Ittead)	t RDL	Control pulse "L" duration	60	-			
SDA 🚫	tos	Data setup time	10	-	ns		
(Input)	ten	Data hold time	10	-		For maximum C∟=30pF	
SDA taco		Read access time	10	50	ns	For minimum C∟=8pF	
(Output)	tон	Output disable time	15	50	115		

Table 8.2: SPI interface characteristics

Note: The input signal rise time and fall time (tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less. Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of IOVCC for Input signals.

8.2 RGB INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS

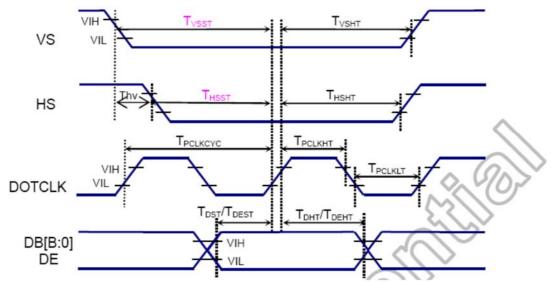


Figure 8.3: RGB interface characteristics

(GND=0V, IOVCC=1.8V, VCI=2.8V, TA=25°C, Sleep Out states)

ltem	Symbol	Condition		Spec.		Unit
item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Pixel low pulse width	T _{CLKLT}	(S)	15 🦯 (して	-	ns
Pixel high pulse width	T _{CLKHT}		15	Ķ	-	ns
Vertical Sync. Set-up time	T _{VSST}		15	\leq	-	ns
Vertical Sync. Hold time	T _{VSHT}		15	-	-	ns
Horizontal Sync. Set-up time	T _{HSST}		15	-	-	ns
Horizontal Sync. Hold time	THSHT		15	-	-	ns
Data Enable set-up time	TDEST) 2 2	15	-	-	ns
Data Enable hold time	Трент		15	-	-	ns
Data set-up time	T _{DST}		15	-	-	ns
Data hold time	T _{DHT}	$\langle (\Theta) \rangle$	15	-	-	ns
Phase difference of sync signal falling edge		1	0	-	320	Dotclk

Table 8.3: RGB interface characteristics

Note: The input signal rise time and fall time (tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less.





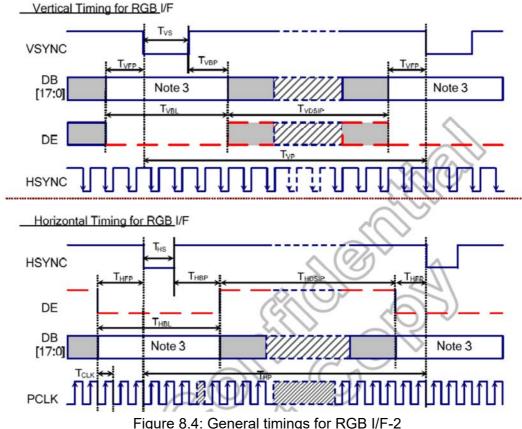


Figure 8.4: General	timings for RGB I/F-2
---------------------	-----------------------

ltem	Symbol	Condition	5	Specificatio	n	Unit
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Vertical Timing	NV N	7				
Vertical cycle period		>-	486	-	-	HS
Vertical low pulse width	Tvs		2	-	-	HS
Vertical front porch	TVFP)) -	2	-	-	HS
Vertical back porch	TVBP	· ·	2	-	-	HS
Vertical blanking period	T _{VBL}	T _{VS} + T _{VBP} + T _{VFP}	6	-	-	HS
	$\overline{)}$		-		-	HS
Vertical active area	TVDISP	-	-	480	-	HS
	· · ·		-		-	HS
Vertical refresh rate	T _{VRR}	Frame rate	50	60	70	Hz
Horizontal Timing						
Horizontal cycle period	T _{HP}	-	335	-	-	DOTCLK
Horizontal low pulse width	T _{HS}	-	5	-	-	DOTCLK
Horizontal front porch	T _{HFP}	-	5	-	-	DOTCLK
Horizontal back porch	T _{HBP}	-	5	-	-	DOTCLK
Horizontal blanking period	T _{HBL}	T _{HS} +T _{HBP} + T _{HFP}	15	-	-	DOTCLK
Horizontal active area	T _{HDISP}	-	-	320	-	DOTCLK
Pixel clock cycle TVRR=60Hz	fclkcyc	-	9	-	-	MHz

Table 8.4: RGB interface characteristics-2

Note: (1) IOVCC=1.65 to 3.3V, VCI=2.3 to 3.3V, VSSA=VSSD=0V, Ta=-30 to 70°C (2) Data lines can be set to "High" or "Low" during blanking time – Don't care.

(3) HP is multiples of PCLK.



8.3 RESET INPUT TIMING

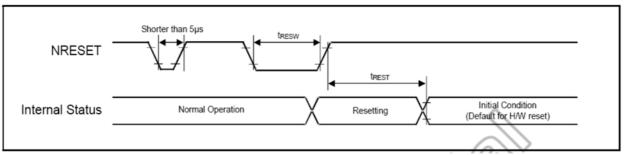


Figure 8.5: Reset input timing

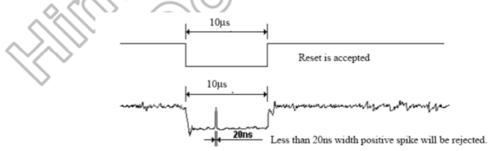
Symbol	Parameter	Related		Spec.		Note	Unit
Symbol	Falameter	Pins	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Note	onne
tRESW	Reset low pulse width ⁽¹⁾	NRESET	10	-	~	> -	μs
tREST	Reset complete time ⁽²⁾	-	5	~	\Im	When reset applied during SLPIN mode	ms
	Reset complete time	-	120	\bigcirc)-	When reset applied during SLPOUT mode	ms

Table 8.5: Reset input timing

Note: (1) Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on NRESET line does not cause irregular system reset according to the following table.

NRESET Pulse	Action
Shorter than 5 µs	Reset Rejected
Longer than 10 µs	Reset
Between 5 µs and 10 µs	Reset Start

- (2) During the resetting period, the display will be blanked (The display is entering blanking sequence, which Maximum time is 120 ms, when Reset Starts in Sleep Out –mode. The display remains the blank state in Sleep In –mode) and then return to Default condition for H/W reset.
- (3) During Reset Complete Time, ID and VCOM value in OTP will be latched to internal register during this period. This loading is done every time when there is H/W reset complete time (tREST) within 5ms after a rising edge of NRESET.
- (4) Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown as below:



01. It is necessary to wait 5msec after releasing NRESET before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command cannot be sent for 120msec.



9. PCAP TOUCHPANEL

ltem	Description	Remark
IC solution on TP Model	GT911	
Touch Count Max	5 Point	
Resolution	320*480	
Interface Type	I ² C	
I2C Slave Address	0xBA/0xBB	
Origin of Coordinate	Top left corner	

Table 9

9.1 TIMING SPECIFICATIONS FOR CTP

I²C Communication

This module provides standard I2C interface for communication. In the system, this module always works in slave mode, all communications are initiated by master, and the baud rate can be up to 400K bps. The definition of I²C timing is as following:

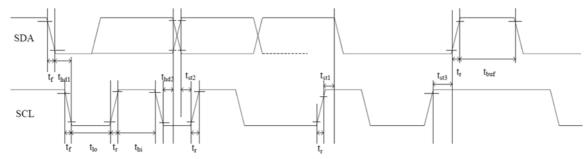


Fig.6 RGB Interface Timing Characteristics Test condition: 3.3V communication interface, 400Kbps, pull up resistor is 2K ohm

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	Max.	Unit
SCL low period	t _{io}	0.9	-	us
SCL high period	t _{hi}	0.8	-	us
SCL setup time for START condition	t _{st1}	0.4	-	us
SCL setup time for STOP condition	t _{st3}	0.4	-	us
SCL hold time for START condition	t _{hd1}	0.3	-	us
SDA setup time	t _{st2}	0.4	-	us
SDA hold time	t _{hd2}	0.4	-	us

This module has 2 sets of slave address 0xBA/0xBB & 0x28/29. Master can control Reset & INT pin to configure the slave address in power on initial state like following:



Power on diagram:

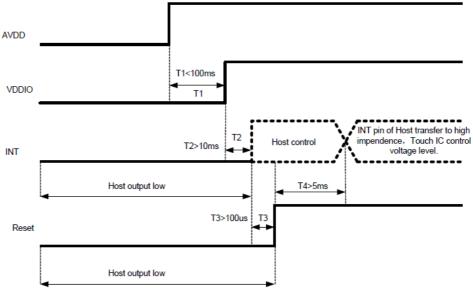


Fig.7 Power on diagram

Timing of setting slave address to 0x28/0x29:

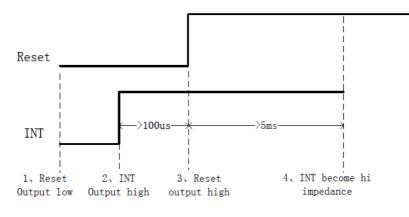
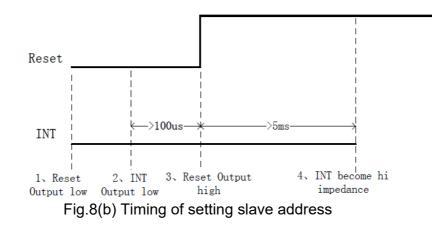


Fig.8(a) Timing of setting slave address

Timing of setting slave address to 0xBA/0xBB:





Data Transmission

(ex: slave address is 0xBA/0xBB)

Communication is always initiated by master, A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a start condition.

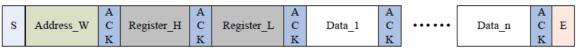
All addressing signal are serially transmitted to and from on bus in 8-bit word. This module sends a "0" to acknowledge when the addressing word is 0xBA/BB (or 0x28/0x29). This happens during the ninth clock cycle. If the slave address is not matched, this module will stay in idle state.

The data words are serially transmitted to and from in 9-bit formation: 8-bit data+1-bit ACK or NACK sent by module. Data changes during SCL low periods & keeps valid during SCL high.

A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a stop condition.

Write Data to module

(ex: slave address is 0xBA/0xBB)



Please check the above figure, master start the communication first, and then sends device address 0XBA preparing for a write operation.

After receiving ACK from module, master sends out 16-bit register address, and then the data word in 8bit, which is going to be wrote into module.

The address pointer of module will automatically increase one after one byte writing, so master can sequentially write in one operation. When operation finished, master stop the communication.

Read Data from module

(ex: slave address is 0xBA/0xBB)

s	Address_W	A C K	Register_H	A C K	Register_L	A C K	E	s	Address_R	A C K	Data_1	A C K	•••••	Data_n	N A C K	E
Set start register address								► Re	ad dat	ta ┥						

Please check the above figure, master start the communication first, and then sends device address 0xBA for a write operation.

After receiving ACK from module, master sends out 16-bit register address, to set the address pointer of module. After receiving ACK, master produce start signal once again & send device address 0xBB, then read data word from module in 8-bit.

Module also supports sequential read operation, and the default setting is sequential read mode. Master shall send out ACK after every byte reading successfully but NACK after the last one. Then sends stop signal to finish the communication.



9.2 PROGRAMMING / SOFTWARE

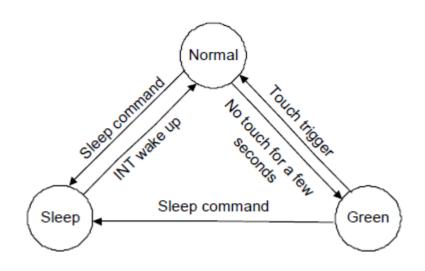
Please note that the touch panel controller doesn't need any initialization. For normal operation you need to read registers 0x814E and 0x8157~0x815D only (see also page 14 "Programming Guide).

0x8140	R			Product	ID (first byt	e, ASCII)				
0x8141	R	1			- 16 TS	yte, ASCII)				
0x8142	R		Product ID (third byte, ASCII) Product ID (forth byte, ASCII)							
0x8143	R		Product ID (forth byte, ASCII)							
0x8144	R	1	Product ID (forth byte, ASCII) Firmware version (HEX. low byte)							
0x8145	R	1								
0x8146	R	1	Firmware version (HEX. high byte) x coordinate resolution (low byte)							
0x8147	R			x coordin	ate resolution	a (high byte)				
0x8148	R	-				n (low byte)				
0x8149	R	1		1995		a (high byte)				
0x814A	R					urrent module)				
0x814B	R	1			Reserved	CANADA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN				
0x814C	R	1			Reserved					
0x814D	R				Reserved					
0x814E	R/W	buffer status	large detect	Proximity Valid	HaveKey	number of touch points				
0x814F	R	1	track id	is 32, indicate	s the signal is	s proximity sensing signal				
0x8150	R	PxyOk			Re	served				
0x8151	R	PxyOk		-	Re	served				
0x8152	R	1			Reserved					
0x8153	R		- A	7 -	Reserved	L				
0x8154	R		1 3	1	Reserved					
0x8155	R		- A	N. Y	Reserved					
0x8156	R	1		1	Reserved					
0x8157	R		Y	1	track id					
0x8158	R	11	1.	point 1	x coordinate	(low byte)				
0x8159	R	1 1 1		point l	x coordinate	(high byte)				
0x815A	R	1 ×	1 7	point 1	y coordinate	(low byte)				
0x815B	R			point 1	y coordinate	(high byte)				
0x815C	R		1	Po	int l size (lov	v byte)				
0x815D	R			poi	nt 1 size (hig	h byte)				
0x815E	R	7	¥.		Reserved	L				
0x815F	R	1			track id					
0x8160	R			point 2	x coordinate	(low byte)				
0x8161	R			point 2	x coordinate	(high byte)				
0x8162	R				y coordinate					
0x8163	R			point 2	y coordinate	(high byte)				
0x8164	R			poi	int 2 size (lov	v byte)				
0x8165	R				nt 2 size (hig					
0x8166	R			7	Reserved					
0x8167	R				track id					



9.3 FUNCTION MODE

Working Mode



a) Normal Mode

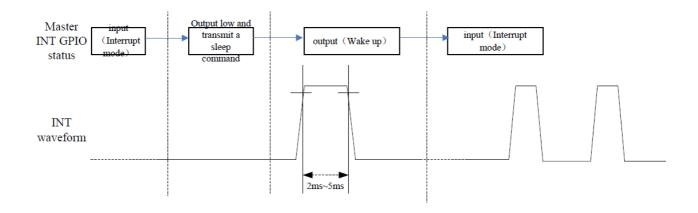
When module is in Normal mode, touch scanning period is about $7ms \sim 10ms$ depending on the setting. The chip will automatically enter into Green mode if no touch for short time within $0\sim15s$ depending on setting and the step is 1s.

b) Green Mode

In Green mode, the touch scanning cycle is fixed as 40ms. It will automatically enter into Normal mode if any touch is detected.

c) Sleep Mode

For a lower consumption, Master can ask module to enter Sleep mode through I2C command (before the command, please drive low to INT pin). Drive high to the INT pin of module 2~5ms will make module return back to normal mode.







Pulse Calling

Module will inform master to read coordinate information only when touch event happen, in order to lighten the burden of master CPU. The master CPU will set trigger mode by register "INT". "0" means rising edge trigger, in this mode module will output a rising edge hopping in INT, to inform CPU; "1" means falling edge trigger.

Sleep Mode

When the display is turned off or in any circumstance that operation of touch panel is not necessary, master can set module be in Sleep mode through I2C command. The master can wake up module by outputting high to INT pin & keeping 2-5ms.

Frequency Hopping Function

This module has very strong anti-interference hardware, when the driver spectrum of module overlaid with spectrum of noise signal, it can be switch to another frequency by self-adaption frequency hopping mechanism, to avoid interference.

Automatic Calibration

a) Initialization Calibration

Different temperature, humidity and physical structure will affect the sensor's baseline. According to environmental situation module will update the baseline automatically in initialized 200ms.

b) Automatic Temperature Drift

Slow change of temperature, humidity or dust and other environmental factors will also affect the sensor's baseline module calculates and analyses historical data, and compare to the current data variation. Base on this, the baseline will be calibration automatically.

For more information, refer to the data sheet GT911: <u>https://www.lcd-module.de/fileadmin/eng/pdf/zubehoer/GT911%20Datasheet_English%2020150625_Rev10.pdf</u>

10. STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR RELIABILITY

10.1 STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR RELIABILITY OF LCD MODULE

NO.	ltem		Criterion							
01	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 LCD viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Flicker 								
02	Black or White spots or Bright spots or Color spots on LCD (Display only)	 2.1 White and black or color spots on display ≤ 0.25mm, no more than Five spots. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than three spots within 3mm. 								
	LCD and Touch Panel black spots,	 3.1 Round type: As following Φ = (X+Y) / 2 X Y Y<td>Size(mm) Φ≦0.10 0.10< Φ≦0.20 0.20< Φ≦0.25 0.25< Φ≦0.30 0.30< Φ</td><td>Acceptable Q'ty Accept no dense 2 2 1 0 within 3mm.</td><td>1.5</td>	Size(mm) Φ≦0.10 0.10< Φ≦0.20 0.20< Φ≦0.25 0.25< Φ≦0.30 0.30< Φ	Acceptable Q'ty Accept no dense 2 2 1 0 within 3mm.	1.5					
03	Panel black spots, white spots, contamination (non – display)	3.2 Line type: (As following Length → L W L L L ± 2.5 * Densely	(m Width(mm) W≦0.02 0 0.02 <w≦0.05 5 0.03<w≦0.08 0.08<w< td=""><td>Acceptable Q'ty Accept no dense 2 Rejection</td><td>1.5</td></w<></w≦0.08 </w≦0.05 	Acceptable Q'ty Accept no dense 2 Rejection	1.5					

NO.	ltem	Criterion	AQL	
-----	------	-----------	-----	--



04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction	Size Φ(mm) Φ≦0.20 0.20< Φ≦0.50 0.50< Φ≦1.00 1.00< Φ Total Q'ty	Acceptable Q'ty Accept no dense 3 2 0 3 3	1.5
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 -2 Line Type.			
06	Chipped glass	Symbols: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: LC L: Electrode pad length 6.1 General glass chip: 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack bet \overrightarrow{x} \overrightarrow{x} \overrightarrow	ween panels: x: Chip length area $x \le 1/8a$ al length of each chip x: Chip length $x \le 1/8a$ $x \le 1/8a$ $x \ge 1/8a$ $x \ge 1/8a$ $x \ge 1/8a$	<u>n</u>	1.5



ltem	Criterion		
	Symbols: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: LCD side length L: Electrode pad length 7.2 Protrusion over terminal: 7.2.1 Chip on electrode pad:		
	y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip thickness		
	y≦0.5mm x≦1/8a 0< z≦t		
	7.2.2 Non-conductive portion:		
Glass crack	y z z y z z x	1.5	
	y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip thickness		
	y≦L x≦1/8a 0< z≦t		
	 If there chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications. If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark must mot be damaged. 7.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack 		
		Symbols: x: Chip length x: Chip length t: Glass thickness a: LCD side length T.2 Protrusion over terminal: T.2 Protrusion over terminal: T.2.1 Chip on electrode pad: $y:$ Chip width y ≤ 0.5 mmx: Chip length x $\leq 1/8a$ z: Chip thickness o< z $\leq t$ T.2.2 Non-conductive portion:Image: Chip width y ≤ 0.5 mmx: Chip length x $\leq 1/8a$ z: Chip thickness o< z $\leq t$ Glass crackImage: Chip width y ≤ 0.5 mmx: Chip length x $\leq 1/8a$ z: Chip thickness 	



NO.	ltem	Criterion	
08	Cracked glass	The LCD with any extensive crack is not acceptable.	
09	Backlight elements	 9.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 9.2 Spots or scratches that appear when lit must be judged. Using LCD spot, lines and contamination standards. 9.3 Backlight doesn't light or color is wrong. 	
10	Bezel	Bezel must comply with product specifications.	
11	PCB、COB	 11.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 11.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 11.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 11.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 11.5 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart, There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 11.6 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 	
12	FPC	12.1 FPC terminal damage $\leq 1/2$ FPC terminal width and can not affect the function , we judge accept. 12.2 FPC alignment hole damage $\leq 1/2$ alignment area and can not affect the function , we judge accept.	
13	Soldering	13.1 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 13.2 No short circuits in components on PCB or FPC.	



NO.	ltem	Criterion			AQL
14	Touch Panel Chipped glass	k: Seal width t: To L: Electrode pad length 14.1 General glass chi 14.1.1 Chip on panel s z: Chip thickness Z≦t ⊙ Unit: mm		panels: x: Chip length x≦1/8a	1.5
		z: Chip thickness z≦t	y: Chip width ≦1/2 k and not over viewing area	x: Chip length x≦1/8a	
		 ⊙ Unit: mm ⊙ If there are 2 or mo 	re chips, x is the total lengt	h of each chip	



NO.	ltem	Criterion	
	Touch Panel(Fish	SIZE(mm)Acceptable Q'ty $\Phi \leq 0.2$ Accept no dense $0.2 < D \leq 0.4$ 5 $0.4 < D \leq 0.5$ 2 $0.5 < D$ 0	1.5
15	eye、dent and bubble on film)		
16	Touch Panel Newton ring	Newton ring dimension $\leq 1/2$ touch panel area and not affect font and line distortion($\leq 2.5\%$), it is acceptable.	
17	Touch Panel Linearity	Less than 2.5% is acceptable.	
18	LCD Ripple	Touch the touch panel , can not see the LCD ripple. Pen: R 1.0mm silicon rubber. Operation Force: 80g	
19	General appearance	 19.1 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 19.2 LCD pin loose or missing pins. 19.3 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. 19.4 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet. 	



10.2 TESTING CONDITIONS AND INSPECTION CRITERIA

For the final test, the testing sample must be stored at room temperature for 24 hours. After the tests listed in table below, standard specifications for reliability will be executed in order to ensure stability.

No.	ltem	Test Model	In section Criteria
01	Current Consumption	Refer to Specification	The current consumption should conform to the product specification.
02	Contrast	Refer to Specification	After the tests have been executed, the contrast must be larger than half of its initial value prior to the tests.
03	Appearance	Visual inspection	Defect free.

10.3 MTBF

MTBF	Functions, performance, appearance, etc. shall be free from remarkable deterioration within 50,000 hours under ordinary operating and storage conditions room temperature (25±5°C), normal humidity (50±10% RH), and in area not exposed to direct sun light.
------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



11. SPECIFICATION OF QUALITY ASSURANCE

This standard of Quality Assurance confirms to the quality of LCD module products supplied by DISPLAY VISIONS.

11.1 QUALITY TEST

Before delivering, the supplier should conduct the following tests to confirm the quality of products.

Electrical-Optical Characteristics: According to the individual specification to test the product.

Appearance Characteristics: According to the individual specification to test the product.

Reliability Characteristics: According to the definition of reliability on the specification for testing products.

11.2 DELIVERY TEST

Before delivering, the supplier should conduct the delivery test.

Test method: According to MIL-STD105E. General Inspection Level II take a single Time.

The defects classify of AQL as following:

Major defect: AQL = 0.65Minor defect: AQL = 1.5Total defects: AQL = 1.5

11.3 NON-CONFORMING ANALYSIS & DEAL WITH MANNERS 11.3.1 NON-CONFORMING ANALYSIS

Purchaser should provide the data detail of non-conforming sample and the non-conforming.

After receiving the data detail from purchaser, the analysis of non-conforming should be finished within two weeks.

If the analysis can't be finished on time, supplier must notice purchaser 3 days in advance.

11.3.2 DISPOSITION OF NON-CONFORMING

If any product defect be found during assembling, supplier must change the good for every defect after confirmation.

Both supplier and customer should analyze the reason and discuss the disposition of non-conforming when the reason of nonconforming is not sure.



11.4 AGREEMENT ITEMS

Both parties should negotiate together when the following problems happen. There is any problem of standard of quality assurance, and both sides should agree that it must be modified.

There is any argument item which does not record in the standard of quality assurance.

Any other special problem.

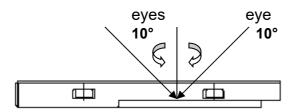
11.5 STANDARD OF THE PRODUCT APPEARANCE TEST 11.5.1 MANNER OF APPEARANCE TEST

The test must be under $20W \times 2$ or 40W fluorescent light, and the distance of view must be at 30 ± 5 cm.

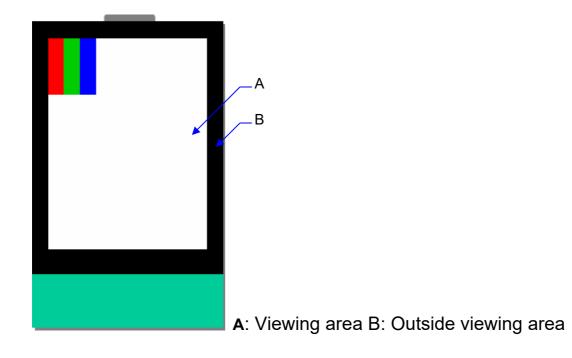
When test the model of transmissive product must add the reflective plate.

The test direction is base on around 10° of vertical line.

Temperature: 25±5°C Humidity: 60±10%RH



Definition of area:





11.5.2 BASIC PRINCIPLE

When the standard can not be described, AQL will be applied. The sample of the lowest acceptable quality level must be negotiated by both supplier and customer when any dispute happened. New item must be added on time when it is necessary.



12. HANDLING PRECAUTION

12.1 HANDLING OF LCM

- Avoid external shock.
- Don't apply excessive force on the surface.
- Liquid in LCD is hazardous substance, do not lick or swallow. When the liquid is attaching to your hand, skin, cloth, etc., wash it thoroughly and immediately.
- Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- Don't disassemble the LCM.
- The operators should wear protections whenever he/she comes into contact with the module. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads, the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.
- The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.
- The module is coated with a film to protect the display surface, be careful when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

12.2 STORAGE

- Store it in an ambient temperature of 25±10°C, and in a relative humidity of 50±10%RH. Don't expose to sunlight or fluorescent light.
- Store it in a clean environment, free from dust, active gas, and solvent.
- Store it in anti-static electricity container.
- Store it without any physical load.

12.3 SOLDERING

- Use only soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.
- Iron: not higher than 280±10°C and less than 3 sec during hand soldering.
- Rewiring: not more than 2 times.



13. APPLICATION NOTES

13.1 INITIALISATION EXAMPLE 16-BIT RGB565

SPI_WriteComm(0x11); //Sleep Out Delay(150); SPI WriteComm(0xB9); //SET password SPI WriteData(0xFF); SPI WriteData(0x83); SPI WriteData (0x57); SPI WriteComm(0xB1); //SETPower SPI_WriteData(0x00); //STB SPI_WriteData(0x16); // SPI_WriteData(0x1C); //VSPR = 4.41V SPI WriteData(0x1C); //VSNR = -4.41V SPI_WriteData(0xC3); //AP 0xc3 SPI_WriteData(0x5C); //FS 0x44 SPI_WriteComm(0xB3); SPI WriteData(0x43); SPI WriteData (0x00); SPI WriteData(0x06); SPI_WriteData(0x06); SPI WriteComm(0xB4); //SETCYC SPI_WriteData(0x32); //2-dot SPI_WriteData(0x40); //RTN SPI WriteData(0x00); //DIV SPI_WriteData(0x2A); //N_DUM SPI_WriteData(0x2A); //I_DUM SPI_WriteData(0x0D); //GDON SPI WriteData(0x78); //GDOFF SPI WriteComm (0xB6); //VCOMDC SPI WriteData (0x3c); SPI WriteComm (0xB5); SPI WriteData(0x0B);//08 SPI WriteData(0x0B);//08 SPI_WriteComm(0xC0); //SETSTBA SPI_WriteData(0x70); //N_OPON SPI_WriteData(0x50); //I_OPON SPI_WriteData(0x01); //STBA SPI_WriteData(0x3C); //STBA SPI_WriteData(0xC8); //STBA SPI WriteData(0x08); //GENON SPI WriteComm(OxCC); //Set Panel SPI WriteData(0x0B); SPI_WriteComm(0xB6); //VCOMDC SPI_WriteData(0x40); //0x40 SPI WriteComm(0xE0); //Set Gamma SPI_WriteData(0x02); SPI_WriteData(0x0A); SPI_WriteData(0x10); SPI WriteData (0x1A); SPI WriteData(0x22); SPI WriteData(0x34); SPI WriteData (0x41); SPI WriteData(0x4A); SPI_WriteData(0x4D); SPI_WriteData(0x44); SPI WriteData(0x3A); SPI WriteData(0x23); SPI WriteData (0x19); SPI_WriteData(0x08); SPI WriteData(0x09); SPI_WriteData(0x03); SPI WriteData (0x02); SPI WriteData (0x0A); SPI_WriteData(0x10); SPI WriteData(0x1A); SPI WriteData(0x22); SPI WriteData(0x34);

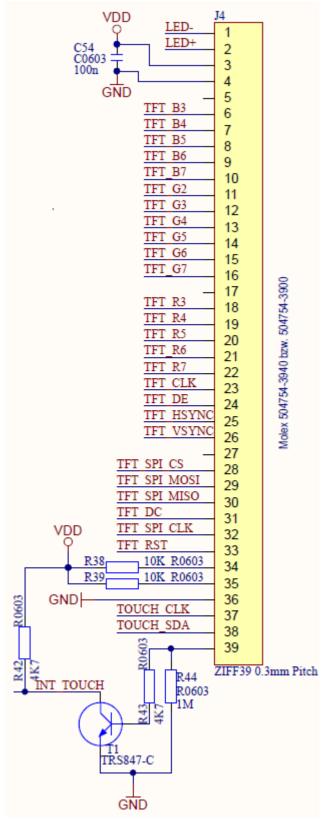


SPI_WriteData(0x41); SPI_WriteData(0x4A); SPI_WriteData(0x4D); SPI_WriteData(0x44); SPI_WriteData(0x3A); SPI_WriteData(0x23); SPI_WriteData(0x19); SPI_WriteData(0x08); SPI_WriteData(0x09); SPI WriteData (0x03); SPI WriteData (0x00); SPI_WriteData(0x01); SPI_WriteComm(0xB4); //Display cycle register SPI_WriteData(0x00); //Z-inversion disable, Cloumn inversion SPI_WriteComm(0xB5); //SetBGP (TRI=0) SPI_WriteData(0x03); //Vref = 4.4V SPI_WriteData(0x03); //nVREF = 4.4 V SPI_WriteData(0x03); //VPP = 7.5 V, VDHS = 5.26 V SPI_WriteComm(0x3A); //COLMOD SPI WriteData(0x55); //RGB565 SPI_WriteComm(0x11); //Sleep out SPI_WriteComm(0x13); //Normal display mode SPI_WriteComm(0x29); //Display On



13.2 SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE FOR 16-BIT RGB565 INTERFACE

Please note that RGB interface requires additional SPI interface for initialization.





14. ACCESSORIES

14.1 ZIF CONNECTOR EA WF030-39S

The 39-pin FFC cable is an all in one connection. It provides all signals for

- TFT interface
- LED backlight
- PCAP touchpanel

EA WF030-39S is a 39-pin ZIFF connector for bottom side contact.



Datasheet: https://www.lcd-module.de/eng/pdf/zubehoer/WF030-39S.pdf

14.2 ACCESSORY EA KF030WF-39L50

There's a FPC cable available to extend the display connection. It's 50mm long and provides 39 pins.



14.3 USB DEMOBOARD EA 9782-1USB

As an accessory there's a demo board available. It's available with and without a display.

With the help of an USB cable (micro USB connector), the board will be connected directly to the PC or a USB power supply. Connected to a power supply, it can be used as a stand-alone demo, running immediately. Together with a PC and the Simualtortool "startTFT.exe" you can display your own images or you change the brightness of the backlight. Rotation of the screen content in 90° steps is also possible.

Download the simulator tool here and unpack the zip file: <u>https://www.lcd-module.com/fileadmin/downloads/StartTFT_v10.zip</u>

